

Find the derivative of each function:

$$y = (2x - 7)^3$$

$$y = 3(4 - x^2)^5$$

$$g(x) = 3(4 - 9x)^4$$

$$f(t) = (9t + 2)^{2/3}$$

$$f(t) = \sqrt{1 - t}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{5 - 3x}$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 4}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1}$$

$$y = 2\sqrt[4]{4 - x^2}$$

$$f(x) = -3\sqrt[4]{2 - 9x}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x - 2}$$

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{t^2 + 3t - 1}$$

$$f(t) = \left(\frac{1}{t - 3}\right)^2$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{(t + 3)^3}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + 2}}$$

$$g(t) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{t^2 - 2}}$$

$$f(x) = x^2(x - 2)^4$$

$$f(x) = x(3x - 9)^3$$

$$y = x\sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{16 - x^2}$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^4 + 4}}$$

$$g(x) = \left(\frac{x + 5}{x^2 + 2}\right)^2$$

$$h(t) = \left(\frac{t^2}{t^3 + 2}\right)^2$$

$$f(v) = \left(\frac{1 - 2v}{1 + v}\right)^3$$

$$g(x) = \left(\frac{3x^2 - 2}{2x + 3}\right)^3$$

$$g(x) = \ln x^2$$

$$h(x) = \ln(2x^2 + 1)$$

$$y = (\ln x)^4$$

$$y = x \ln x$$

$$y = \ln(x\sqrt{x^2 - 1})$$

$$y = \ln \sqrt{x^2 - 4}$$

$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x}{x^2 + 1}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{2x}{x + 3}\right)$$

$$g(t) = \frac{\ln t}{t^2}$$

$$h(t) = \frac{\ln t}{t}$$

$$y = \ln(\ln x^2)$$

$$y = \ln(\ln x)$$

$$y = \ln \sqrt{\frac{x + 1}{x - 1}}$$

$$y = \ln \sqrt[3]{\frac{x - 1}{x + 1}}$$

$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{4 + x^2}}{x}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{4 + x^2})$$

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x} + \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$$

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4}}{x}\right)$$

$$f(x) = e^{2x}$$

$$y = e^{-x^2}$$

$$y = e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y = x^2 e^{-x}$$

$$g(t) = (e^{-t} + e^t)^3$$

$$g(t) = e^{-3/t^2}$$

$$y = \ln(1 + e^{2x})$$

$$y = \ln\left(\frac{1 + e^x}{1 - e^x}\right)$$

$$y = \frac{2}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$y = \ln e^x$$

$$f(x) = e^{1-x}$$

$$y = e^{-2x+x^2}$$

$$y = \ln \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$y = x^2 e^x - 2x e^x + 2e^x$$

$$f(x) = e^3 \ln x$$

$$f(x) = 4^x$$

$$y = x(6^{-2x})$$

$$g(t) = t^2 2^t$$

$$f(t) = \frac{3^{2t}}{t}$$

$$f(x) = \log_2 \frac{x^2}{x-1}$$

$$h(x) = \log_3 \frac{x\sqrt{x-1}}{2}$$

$$y = \log_5 \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$g(t) = \frac{10 \log_4 t}{t}$$