

# Homework #2

(February 22, 2016)

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1. Let  $F$  be a c.d.f. satisfying  $0 < F(0-) \leq F(0) < 1$ , and  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be iid samples from  $F$ . Prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P \left( \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_i > 0 \text{ and } \min_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_i < 0 \right) = 1.$$

2. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be iid random samples from a common cdf  $F$ . Let  $F_n(x)$  be the empirical cdf based on  $X_i$ 's. Define  $F_n^*(x) = F_n(x) - c\bar{X}$ , where  $c$  is constant and  $\bar{X}$  is the sample mean. Find conditions such that  $F_n^*(x)$  is an unbiased estimator of  $F(x)$ . If  $F_n^*(x)$  is an unbiased estimator of  $F(x)$ , determine  $c$  such that  $F_n^*(x)$  is asymptotically efficient, i.e., it achieves minimum asymptotic variance.
3. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be iid random samples from a common cdf  $F$ . Let  $F_n(x)$  be the empirical cdf based on  $X_i$ 's. For a given  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , find the limiting distribution of  $F_n(x)^2$ ,  $\sqrt{F_n(x)}$  and  $\exp(F_n(x))$ . Hint: use delta-method.
4. Let  $x$  and  $y$  be two distinct real numbers. Find  $Cov(F_n(x), F_n(y))$ , where  $F_n$  is empirical cdf.
5. Prove that the empirical cdf  $F_n$  based on distinct samples  $X_i$ 's satisfies

$$F_n(X_i) - F_n(X_i-) = \frac{1}{n}, \quad \forall n = 1, \dots, n.$$