

Find the derivative of each function using the appropriate rule.

$$s(t) = -32t^2 + 16t + 200$$

power rule  
 $x^n \rightarrow nx^{n-1}$

$$s'(t) = -64t + 16$$

$$p(q) = \frac{50}{0.01q^2 + 1}$$

quotient rule  
 $\frac{f}{g} \rightarrow \frac{f'g - g'f}{g^2}$

$$p'(q) = \frac{0(0.01q^2 + 1) - 50(0.02q)}{(0.01q^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{-1q}{(0.01q^2 + 1)^2}$$

$2(0.01q^{2-1}) + 0 = g'$

$$f(x) = e^{7x-6}$$

exp rule

$$f'(x) = 7e^{7x-6}$$

$e^x \rightarrow e^x$ ,  $e^{u(x)} \rightarrow e^{u(x)} \cdot u'(x)$

$$h(x) = (x^3 + 9)(e^{-3x})$$

$$h'(x) = 3x^2 \cdot e^{-3x} + (x^3 + 9)(-3e^{-3x})$$

product rule:

$f \cdot g \rightarrow f'g + g'f$

$$= 3x^2 e^{-3x} - 3e^{-3x}(x^3 + 9)$$

$$R(x) = 1000\sqrt{x}$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{c f(x)}$

derivative  $\rightarrow cf'(x)$

$$R'(x) = \frac{1 \cdot 1000x^{-1/2}}{2} = \frac{500}{\sqrt{x}}$$

If  $R(x)$  is a revenue function, what is the marginal revenue at  $x = 25$  items? (That is, what is the approximate revenue from selling the 26th item?)

$$R'(25) = \frac{500}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{500}{5} = \$100$$