## True or False

If f is continuous on the interval [a, b], then

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, dx$$

is a number.

Find each of the following derivatives, or specify that you don't have enough information to do so.

 $\frac{d}{dx}\int_3^8 f(x)dx$ 

b)

c)

a)

 $\frac{d}{dx}\int_3^x f(t)\,dt$ 

 $\frac{d}{dx}\int_{x}^{3}f(t)\,dt$ 

d)

 $\frac{d}{dx}\int f(x)\,dx$ 

If w'(t) is the rate of growth of a child in pounds per year, what does  $\int_{5}^{11} w'(t) dt$  represent?

- a) The child's initial weight at birth.
- b) The decrease in the child's weight (in pounds) between the ages of 5 and 11.
- c) The child's weight at age 5.
- d) The increase in the child's weight (in pounds) between the ages of 5 and 11.
- e) The child's weight at age 11.

The current in a wire is defined as the derivative of the charge

I(t) = Q'(t)

What does  $\int_{a}^{b} I(t) dt$  represent?

- a) It represents the change in the current I from time t = a to t = b.
- b) It represents the charge Q at time t = b.
- c) It represents the current I at time t = b.
- d) It represents the charge Q at time t = a.
- e) It represents the change in the charge Q from time t = a to t = b.

Find the general indefinite integral.

$$\int (8\sqrt{x^3} + 9\sqrt[3]{x^2}) dx$$

Find the particular indefinite integral of  $\int (8\sqrt{x^3} + 9\sqrt[3]{x^2})dx$ whose value at x = 0 is 4. Find the general indefinite integrals, and evaluate the definite integrals.

(i) 
$$\int 7v(v^2+8)^2 dv$$
 (iv)  $\int_9^{16} \frac{3x-3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ 

(ii) 
$$\int_0^2 (6x-3)(4x^2+9) dx$$
 (v)  $\int_1^4 \sqrt{t}(5+7t) dt$ 

(iii) 
$$\int_0^2 (6x-3)(4x^2+9) dx$$
 (vi)  $\int_{-1}^2 (x-6|x|) dx$ 

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Find the indefinite integrals and evaluate the definite integrals.

(i) 
$$\int 7(1 + \tan^2(\alpha)) d\alpha$$
 (iv)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{2 + 3\cos^2(\theta)}{\cos^2(\theta)} d\theta$ 

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(ii) 
$$\int 5\frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin(x)} dx$$
 (v)  $\int_0^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \frac{7\sin(\theta)(1+\tan^2(\theta))}{\sec^2(\theta)} d\theta$ 

(iii) 
$$\int_0^{\pi} (4\sin(\theta) - 17\cos(\theta)) d\theta$$
 (vi)  $\int_0^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} 5|\sin(x)| dx$ 

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The velocity function (in meters per second) for a particle moving along a line is

$$v(t)=3t-8$$

- a) Find the displacement.
- b) Find the distance traveled from time t = 0 to time t = 4.

- A particle is moving along a line so that its acceleration at time t is a(t) = 2t + 2 and its initial velocity is v(0) = -3.
- a) Find the velocity at time t.
- b) Find the distance traveled from time t = 0 to time t = 4.

Water flows from the bottom of a storage tank at a rate of r(t) = 400 - 8t liters per minute. Find the amount of water that flows from the tank during the first 30 minutes.

Sketch the region bounded by the *y*-axis, the line y = 4, and the curve  $y = 4\sqrt[4]{x}$ . Find the area of this region in two ways:

- a) by integrating an appropriate function of x, and
- b) by writing x as a function of y and integrating with respect to y.