

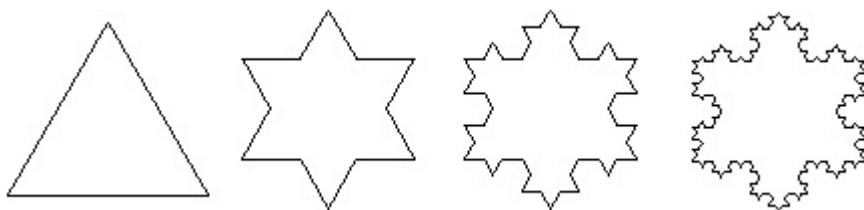
In class assignment 9 - Taylor Series

Name: _____

November 19, 2014

Directions: Work in groups to complete the following problems.

1. To construct the Koch snowflake, start with an equilateral triangle with sides of length 1. Step 1 in the construction is to divide each side into three equal parts, construct an equilateral triangle on the middle part, and then delete the middle part (see picture). Step 2 is to repeat step 1 for each side of the resulting polygon. This process is repeated at each succeeding step. The Koch snowflake curve is the curve that results from repeating this process indefinitely.
 - (a) Let s_n , l_n , and p_n represent the number of sides, the length of a side, and the total length of the n th approximating curve (the curve obtained after step n in the construction), respectively. Find formulas for s_n , l_n , and p_n .
 - (b) Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} p_n = \infty$
 - (c) Sum an infinite series to find the area enclosed by the snowflake curve.



2. Suppose that $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$ for all x .
 - (a) If f is an odd function, show that $c_0 = c_2 = c_4 = \dots = 0$
 - (b) If f is an even function, show that $c_1 = c_3 = c_5 = \dots = 0$
3. Find the terms up to degree 4 for the Maclaurin series for $\sin^2(x)$. Find the terms up to degree 4 for the Maclaurin series for $\cos^2(x)$. Add them. Do you get what you expect?
4. Find the Maclaurin series for $\cosh(x)$.
5. If $f(x) = \sin(x^3)$ find $f^{(15)}(0)$.