

**Instructions:** Complete each of the following on separate, stapled sheets of paper.

1. Rewrite the expressions below into a single power series by reindexing.

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n c_n x^{n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n c_n x^{n-1} + 3 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^{n+2}$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2n c_n x^{n-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 6c_n x^{n+1}$$

$$(d) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) c_n x^{n-2} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^{n+2}$$

$$(e) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) c_n x^{n-2} - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n c_n x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$$

$$(f) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) c_n x^n + 2 \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) c_n x^{n-2} + 3 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n c_n x^n$$

2. Verify that the given power series satisfies the indicated ODE by direct substitution.

$$(a) y(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} x^{2n}; \quad y' + 2xy = 0$$

$$(b) y(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n}; \quad (1+x^2)y' + 2xy = 0$$

$$(c) y(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} x^n; \quad (x+1)y'' + y' = 0.$$

3. Use Maclaurin series to solve the following ODEs; give the recursion, but don't solve it explicitly (yet).

$$(a) y'' + y = 0$$

$$(c) y'' - y' = 0$$

$$(e) y'' + xy = 0$$

$$(b) y'' - y = 0$$

$$(d) y'' + 2y' = 0$$

$$(f) y'' + 2xy + 2y = 0$$