

# Math 220 Section 6 Exam 1

30 September 2015

Name: Answer Key

1. What is the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x+1}$ ? For which values of  $x$  is  $f(x) = 0$ ?

$$\begin{array}{l} x+1 \neq 0 \\ x \neq -1 \end{array}$$

The domain is  
 $(-\infty, -1) \cup [1, \infty)$ .

$$f(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x+1} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2-1} = 0$$

$x = \pm 1$  but  $-1$  is not in domain

so

$$\boxed{x=1}$$

2. Compute the following limits.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x - 3} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} x^2 + x + 1}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} x - 3} = \boxed{\frac{57}{4}}$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{4-x}{\sqrt{x}-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{4-x}{\sqrt{x}-2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+2}{\sqrt{x}+2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(4-x)(\sqrt{x}+2)}{x-4}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (-1)(\sqrt{x}+2) = \boxed{-4}$$

3. The cost in dollars of producing  $n$  ping-pong paddles is given by  $C(n) = 2n + 180$ . Each ping-pong paddle is sold for 11 dollars.

(a) What is the revenue function  $R(n)$ ?

$$R(n) = \boxed{11n}$$

(b) What is the profit function  $P(n)$ ?

$$P(n) = R(n) - C(n) = 11n - (2n + 180) = \boxed{9n - 180}$$

(c) How many ping-pong paddles must be sold in order for the company to break even?

$$\begin{aligned} P(n) &= 0 \\ 9n - 180 &= 0 \\ n &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

(d) What is the marginal profit of producing 10 paddles?

$$\begin{aligned} P'(n) &= 9 \\ P'(10) &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

4. Find an equation for the tangent line to the curve  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 5}$  at the point  $(2, 3)$ .

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2+5}} \cdot (2x)$$

$$m = f'(2) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{2}{3}(x-2) + 3}$$

5. Differentiate the following functions.

$$(a) f(x) = \frac{xe^x}{x+1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x+1)(xe^x)' - xe^x(x+1)'}{(x+1)^2} = \boxed{\frac{(x+1)(xe^x + e^x) - xe^x}{(x+1)^2}}$$

$$(b) g(x) = (3x-4)^7 \ln(x^2 + 2x + 2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(x) &= \left( (3x-4)^7 \right)' \ln(x^2 + 2x + 2) + (3x-4)^7 \left( \ln(x^2 + 2x + 2) \right)' \\ &= \boxed{7(3x-4)^6 (3) \ln(x^2 + 2x + 2) + (3x-4)^7 \frac{2x+2}{x^2 + 2x + 2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(c) s(t) = e^{\sqrt{t^2+5}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s'(t) &= e^{\sqrt{t^2+5}} \cdot (\sqrt{t^2+5})' \\ &= \boxed{e^{\sqrt{t^2+5}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t^2+5}} \cdot 2t} \end{aligned}$$