The region R is bounded by the curves

$$y = x^3 \qquad y = 8 \qquad x = 0$$

Sketch R. For the following rotational axes, **set-up** two integrals for the volume of the solid generated by revolving R about the indicated axis, one representing the washer method and one the cylindrical shells method.

(a) x-axis.

(b) *y*-axis.

(c)
$$y = 5$$
.

(d)
$$x = -2$$
.

The region R is bounded by the curves

$$y = 1 + \sin(x)$$
 $y = 1$ $x = 0$ $x = 2$

Sketch R. For the following rotational axes, **set-up** two integrals for the volume of the solid generated by revolving R about the indicated axis, one representing the washer method and one the cylindrical shells method.

- (a) x-axis.
- (b) y-axis.
- (c) y = -1.

The triangular region with vertices (0,2), (1,0), and (0,1) is rotated about the line x = 4. Find the volume of the solid generated by this rotation.

Let *B* be the region bounded by the graphs of $x = y^2$ and x = 9. Sketch *B*. For each part below, find the volume of the solid that has *B* as its base if every cross section by a plane perpendicular to the *x*-axis is

- (a) a square.
- (b) a semicircle with diameter lying on B.
- (c) an equilateral triangle.

Find the volume of a wedge cut out of a cylinder of radius r if the angle between the top and bottom of the wedge is $\frac{\pi}{6}$.